# **Damning Dengue**

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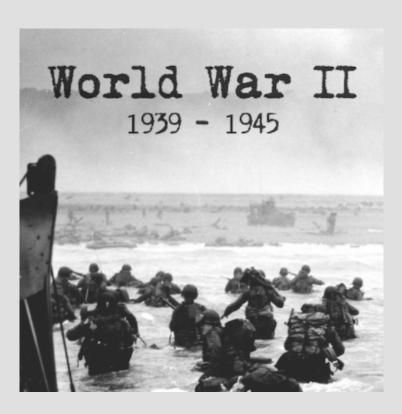
#### Dengue fever:



caused by a Flavivirus and transmitted by a mosquito

#### Fastest spreading tropical disease +++

Virtually unknown before WW II

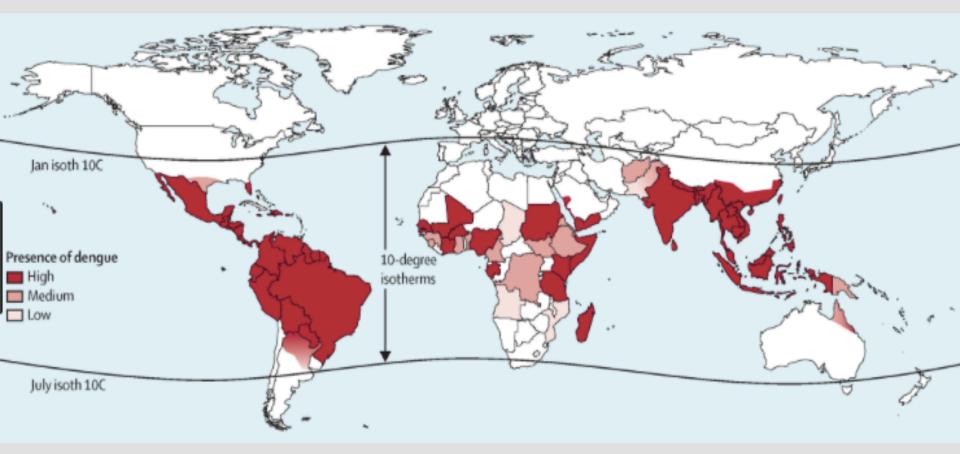


Today:



>120 countries

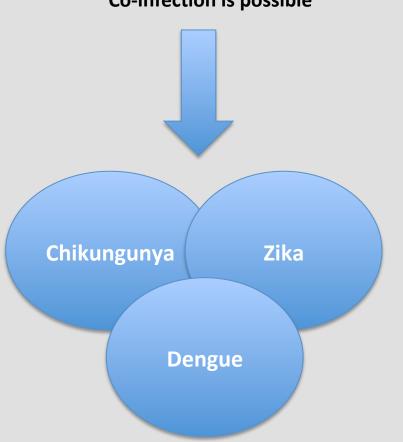
200 million infections/year - 22.000 deaths







Aedes aegypti:
4 virus serotypes (DENV1-4)
Co-infection is possible



#### Primary infection:

- usually mild,
- often asymptomatic

Lifetime immunity for that serotype

# The problem – caused by re-infection

- due to a different serotype
- can be severe, lifethreatening

## Who should be suspected?



Exposed patients (endemic area, travellers), <14 days

Fever, Rash, Arthralgia, Nausea, Cephalalgia, Easy Bleeding (FRANCE)

#### Thrombocytopenia





Positive tourniquet's sign (Kandan, 2014)

### Clinical manifestations



Asymptomatic in 50-70%

Dengue fever

Neurological manifestations (1-20%) = severe dengue (WHO 2009)



Dengue hemorragic fever







Dengue shock syndrome



# Confirmatory tests

Day 5 of fever

Viral antigen detection **NS1 antigen** 

Viral RNA detection (RT-PCR)

Viral culture

IgM, IgG (ELISA)

IgM/IgG <1.2 means reinfection

#### For rapid diagnosis



Kit for viral Ag and IgM – 10min, 20USD

## Treatment is non-specific

- Supportive, rehydration
- ICU/transfusion in critical cases
- Avoidance of NSAID, Aspirin, Anticoagulation
- Steroids in immune-mediated disease

- Prophylaxis, against mosquitos

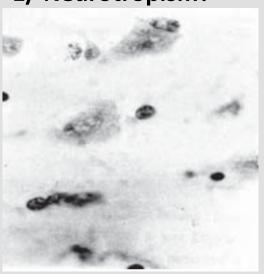


# Neurological manifestations in dengue fever (DENV1-2)



1/ Neurotropism?

**ENCEPHALITIS, (MENINGITIS)** 



Dengue Ag in the gray matter Nogueira et al, 2002

2/ Metabolic changes: **ENCEPHALOPATHY** 

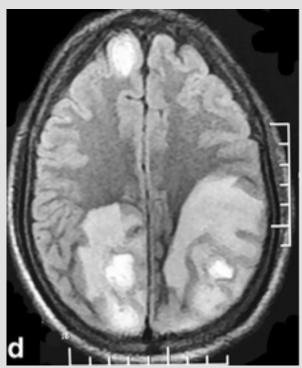
3/ Autoimmune reactions: ON, TM, ADEM, NMOSD, GBS, Myositis

4/ Cerebrovascular events: STROKE, SINUS THROMBOSIS

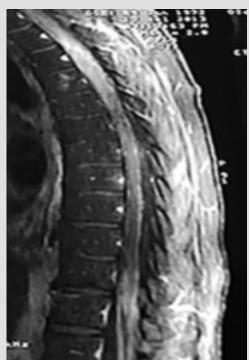
# Dengue encephalopathy:

- Most common neurological complication in Dengue
- More often in children
- Cognitive dysfunction, convulsions, behavioral disorders
  - Often associated with metabolic, multi-organ (hepatic) dysfunction, cerebral edema, anoxia, prolongued shock
  - CSF is often normal, but abnormal MRI
  - 50% mortality

#### Other neurological manifestations in Dengue



PRESS syndrome *Garg et al, 2017* 

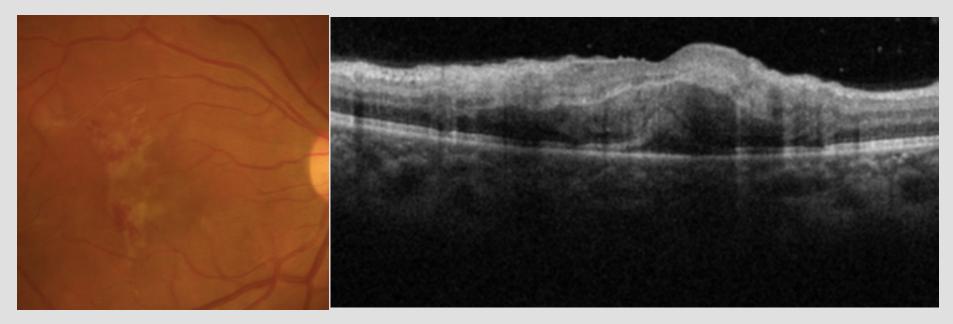


Myelitis Lana-Peixotot et al, 2018



NMOSD Lana-Peixotot et al, 2018

# The Ophthalmologist's point of view:



Courtesy Dr V Lal

- Dengue Maculopathy (10-40% of admitted patients)
- Retinal vasculitis, retinal hemorrhages, uveitis
- Optic neuritis

# The Controversy

- Dengvaxia (Sanofi) first anti dengue tetravalent vaccine
- Licensed in 19 countries for use in endemic areas, age 9-45
- Stopped in Dec 2017 in the Philippines after 800.000 vaccinations
- Associated with severe dengue in vaccinated seronegative patients



HEALTH NEWS FEBRUARY 5, 2018 / 2:21 AM / A MONTH AGO

# Philippine lawyers sue Sanofi over dengue vaccine



### In conclusion

- Think « Dengue » in travellers, if fever and thrombocytopenia

- Monitor neurological, neuro-ophthalmic involvement

- Most important: prophylaxis!!!

