



Misinterpretation of EEG/video- EEG in generalized epilepsies

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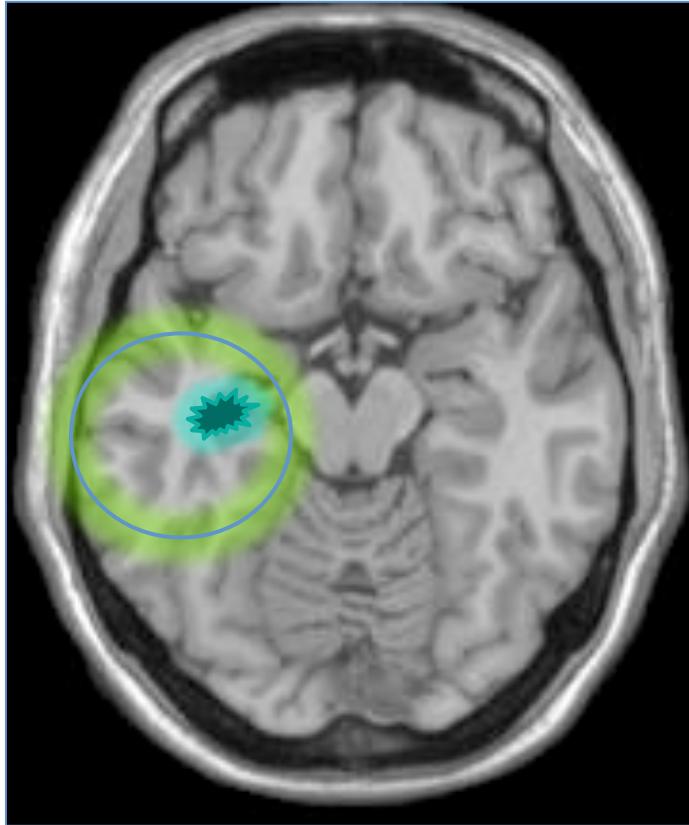
Disclosure

- None

Learning objectives

- Concept of generalized epilepsies
- Methods of activation of epileptiform discharges
- Atypical EEG findings in IGE
- Atypical clinical characteristics in IGE

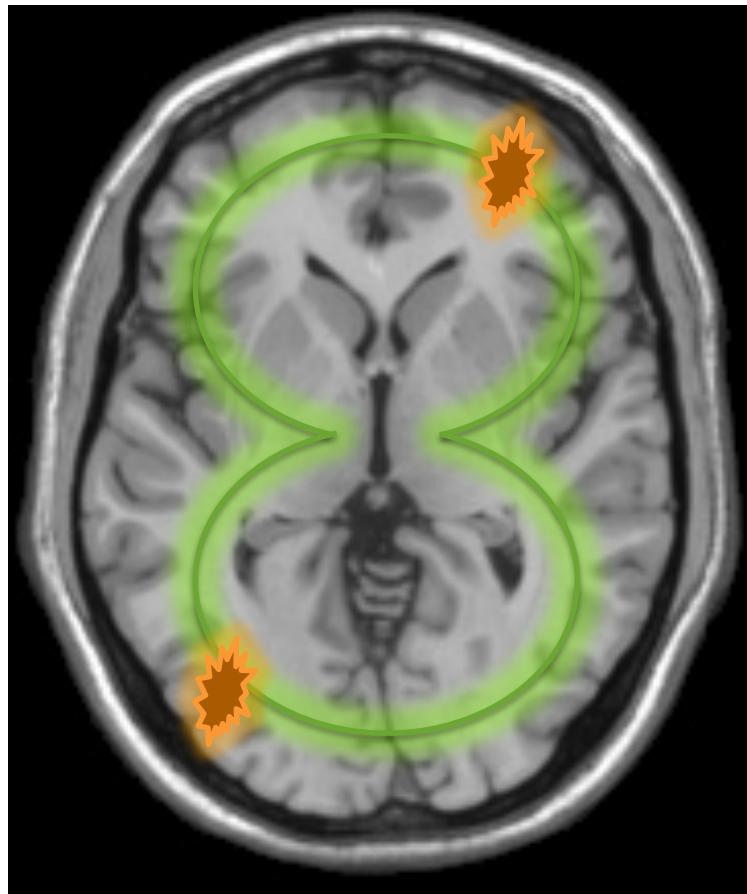
Focal seizures



- Those arising from networks confined to a single cerebral hemisphere

Berg et al. Epilepsia 2010;51(4):676-85

Generalized seizures



- Generalized seizures originate at some point of a neuronal network and rapidly engage bilateral networks;
- Such bilateral networks can engage cortical and subcortical structures but do not necessarily include the entire cortex;
- Although individual seizure onsets can appear localized, the location and lateralization are not consistent from one seizure to another;
- Generalized seizures can be asymmetric.

Berg et al. Epilepsia 2010;51(4):676-85

Misinterpretation of EEG/video-EEG in generalized epilepsies

- Mistakes in recording methodology:
 - Mistakes in hyperventilation
 - Mistakes in photic stimulation
 - Mistakes in employment advice
 - Mistakes in epilepsy treatment
- Mistakes in EEG interpretation
- Mistakes in seizure semiology

MISTAKES IN RECORDING METHODOLOGY

Hyperventilation

MISTAKES IN RECORDING METHODOLOGY

Photic stimulation

MISTAKES IN EMPLOYMENT ADVICE

MISTAKES IN EPILEPSY TREATMENT

Scoring table photic stimulation

Name:

Date of birth:

Medication:

Date:

Time:

Flash frequency (Hz)	1	2	8	10	15	18	20	25	40	50	60
Eye condition											
Eye closure	-	-	+	0	0	0	0	0	+	-	-
Eye closed	-	-	±	±	+	0	+	±	-	-	-
Eyes open	-	-	-	-	±	+	±	-	-	-	-

In this scoring table, an example is given of determination of the three photosensitivity ranges based on the proposed methodology. Photosensitivity ranges: eye closure: 8-40 Hz; eyes closed: 15-20 Hz; eyes open: 18 Hz. Explanation codes +: generalized epileptiform discharges; ±: epileptiform discharges, not generalized; -: no epileptiform discharges; 0: frequency not tested

Kasteleijn-Nolst Trenité et al. Epilepsia 2012;53(1):16-24

Practical conclusions regarding photosensitivity range

- Never remove AEDs in patients with photosensitivity without studying the photosensitivity range during withdrawal and especially after the complete withdrawal of AEDs.

MISTAKES IN INTERPRETATION OF EEG

Atypical signs in EEG of IGE

Atypical EEG abnormalities

1. Amplitude asymmetry of paroxysms and fragments;
2. Focal onset of paroxysms;
3. Focal offset of paroxysms;
4. Abnormal morphology of paroxysms;
5. Generalized paroxysmal fast rhythm

MISTAKES IN INTERPRETATION OF SEIZURES SEMIOLOGY

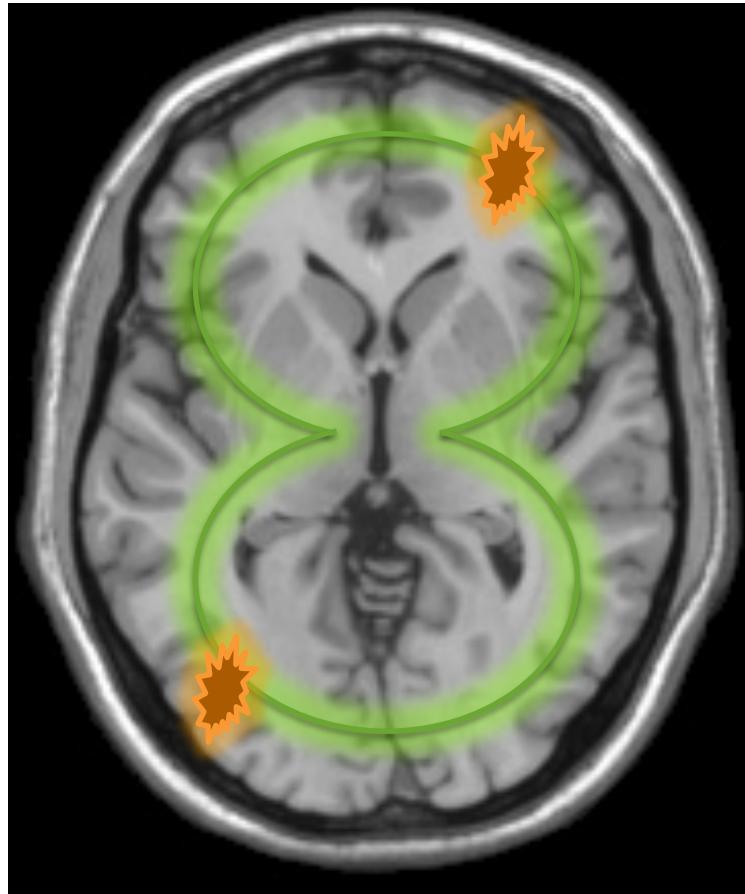
Atypical semiological signs in
seizures of IGE

Auras

Head and eyes version

Asymmetry of limb myoclonia

Generalized seizures



- “Generalized” is a misnomer. This has been a component of the debate over seizure classification, with the term “generalized” now recognized as not truly generalized but “occurring in and rapidly engaging bilaterally distributed networks”

Berg et al. Epilepsia 2010;51(4):676-85

Conclusions

- A careful methodology is necessary when obtaining EEG/video EEG recordings;
- Focal features in EEG and seizure semiology may result in misdiagnosis and delayed diagnosis in IGEs;
- As a consequence, the patient may receive an inappropriate AED, leading to poor seizure control.

References

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